## EXHIBIT 27

To
PLAINTIFF'S LOCAL RULE 56.1(b)(3)(C) STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL FACTS
REQUIRING DENIAL OF THE CITY'S MOTION FOR PARTIAL SUMMARY
JUDGMENT

March 15, 2016

Case No. 14-CV-4391

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TRANSCRIBED FROM DIGITAL RECORDING
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                 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
                    NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS
 3
                           EASTERN DIVISION
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    NICOLE HARRIS,
                                     ) Docket No. 14 CV 4391
 5
            Plaintiff,
                                     ) Chicago, Illinois
                                     ) November 10, 2015
 6
                vs.
                                     ) 10:02 o'clock a.m.
 7
    CITY OF CHICAGO, et al.,
 8
            Defendants.
 9
                 TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS - Motions
                BEFORE MAGISTRATE JUDGE SUSAN E. COX
10
    APPEARANCES:
11
    For the Plaintiff:
                            VALOREM LAW GROUP LLC
                             BY: MR. STUART J. CHANEN
12
                                  MS. MARGOT KLEIN
                             35 East Wacker Drive
13
                             Suite 3000
                             Chicago, Illinois 60601
14
    For City of Chicago:
                             GREENBERG TRAURIG LLP
15
                             BY: MR. JOHN F. GIBBONS
                                  MR. KYLE L. FLYNN
                             77 West Wacker Drive
16
                             Suite 3100
17
                             Chicago, Illinois 60601
    For Individual Officers:
18
                             HALE LAW LLC
19
                             BY: MR. AVI T. KAMIONSKI
                             53 West Jackson Boulevard
20
                             Suite 330
                             Chicago, Illinois 60604
21
                      Laura LaCien, CSR, RMR, CRR
22
                      Official Court Reporter
                 219 South Dearborn Street, Suite 1902
                       Chicago, Illinois 60604
23
                            (312) 408-5032
24
         **PLEASE NOTIFY OF CORRECT SPEAKER IDENTIFICATION**
    NOTE: FAILURE TO STAND NEAR THE MICROPHONE MAKES PORTIONS
25
    UNINTELLIGIBLE AND INAUDIBLE.
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(The following digitally recorded proceedings were had in
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 2
    open court:)
             COURTROOM DEPUTY: Case Number 14 CV 4391, Harris
 3
    versus City of Chicago.
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 5
             THE COURT: Good morning.
 6
             MR. CHANEN: Good morning, your Honor. Stuart
 7
    Chanen and Margot Klein on behalf of the plaintiff.
 8
             MS. KLEIN: Good morning.
 9
             MR. GIBBONS: Good morning, your Honor. John
10
    Gibbons and Kyle Flynn on behalf of the City of Chicago.
11
             MR. KAMIONSKI: Good morning, your Honor. Avi
12
    Kamionski on behalf of the individual officers.
13
                         Okay. Well, we have two motions to talk
             THE COURT:
14
    about. Let's talk about the one that should be, I hope, more
15
    straightforward and that is the motion to compel production
    of the personnel files and CRs and so on, which I guess there
16
    was a concern on the part of the City regarding
17
18
    confidentiality but there's been -- has there been an order
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    entered on that?
20
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yes. Yes, Judge.
21
    September 1st.
22
             THE COURT: Protective order, yeah. Okay.
23
    that. And so is there any remaining objection to this
24
    production?
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Your Honor, our
25
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objection -- and I think counsel for the particular officers 1 2 also want to be heard on this -- but, you know --3 THE COURT: Of course. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- we've looked at 4 5 similar personnel files. Just so we're all clear, there's no 6 disciplinary history, there's no illumination of facts in 7 relation to the allegations in this case contained in these personnel files. 8 9 These personnel files are what you would normally 10 There are tax documents, there's salary information, 11 there's a lot of personal information that we all file. 12 That's what's in these files. The City of Chicago has a long-standing practice to 13 14 object on behalf of the police department in relation to the 15 relevance of those documents. That's the --THE COURT: How is that objection fair in federal 16 court? 17 18 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Are normally fairly 19 well, your Honor. It does in other situations, though there 20 are Courts in this building that have ordered some review of them. But I think counsel for the individual officers 21 22 also object. 23 THE COURT: So is your objection that there's -that there is no -- there's -- how about if the officer is 24 25 promoted, is that reflected, or demoted or duty is changed

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for some reason, is that reflected in the personnel file?
 1
 2
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: There would be at times
    information regarding promotion and salary increases or --
 3
             THE COURT: Or the opposite?
 4
 5
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: No.
                                              The demotions or
 6
    the CR or disciplinary history are contained in other
 7
    documents that have already been produced to the plaintiffs.
    That type of information is not in the personnel files.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: Okay. And is that the -- that's your
    sole objection that there's nothing relevant in the files?
10
11
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Correct.
12
             THE COURT: Okay.
13
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: But I think
14
    the officers --
             THE COURT: Do you have something to add?
15
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: From the officer's
16
    perspective, we don't know exactly what's in all the files.
17
             THE COURT: Okay. Haven't you seen them?
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19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We have not seen them.
20
             THE COURT:
                         Why not?
21
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: They have not been
22
    ordered by the City of Chicago. The City of Chicago has
23
    them, counsel for the City -- the City of Chicago is in
    possession of them. We have not gotten them ordered yet by
24
25
    the City of Chicago --
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THE COURT: Well, then how do we know what's in
 1
 2
    them?
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We don't know what's in
 3
    them. I'm not sure what's in them.
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Well, then -- but you're asking me to
 6
    then rule that there's no relevant information on files that
    you haven't looked at; am I correct about that?
 7
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, that's the
    individual officers. I know what's in them.
 9
10
             THE COURT: Why wouldn't you have seen your own
11
    officers -- I'm not following.
12
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: The police department,
    your Honor, as a practice does not allow absent a court order
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14
    lawyers to come in and look at police officers' files.
15
             THE COURT: And why not?
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Because there's safety
16
    concerns in relation to the information such as spouses,
17
18
    Social Security numbers, addresses --
19
             THE COURT: Well, that's why we have protective
20
    orders in federal court.
21
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and children.
22
    understand that and I'm just -- I'm here on behalf of the
23
    City and the superintendent making a relevance argument.
24
             THE COURT: Yeah; I understand what you're saying.
25
    Thank you. All right. I'll hear from the plaintiff.
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             MR. CHANEN: Judge, we're very surprised to hear
 2
    Mr. Gibbons say that these are never produced in part because
    we've gotten them in other cases and in part --
 3
                         Yeah. I know that you produced in other
 4
             THE COURT:
 5
    cases and --
 6
             MR. CHANEN: But in part --
 7
             THE COURT: -- not in others.
 8
             MR. CHANEN: Because the document request that we
 9
    issued, their response was -- they issued some standard
10
    objection, overbroad, vague, ambiguous, those. And then they
11
    said subject to and without waiving the general objections,
12
    the City will produce non-privileged responsive documents in
13
    its custody, possession or control subject to a protective
14
    order once parties reach mutually --
             THE COURT: That's why I thought this was a
15
    straightforward motion.
16
17
             MR. CHANEN: Right.
             THE COURT: It sounds like you waived that
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19
    objection.
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             MR. CHANEN: And they didn't -- yeah. They didn't
21
    say, Judge, we've --
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             THE COURT: Did they say they were irrelevant in the
23
    objection?
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             MR. CHANEN:
                          No.
25
                         Is there a relevance objection made in
             THE COURT:
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the response?
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             MR. CHANEN: No, Judge.
 3
             MS. KLEIN:
                         No.
                         If there isn't, you failed to raise that
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             THE COURT:
 5
    objection.
 6
             MR. CHANEN: And then, Judge -- I'm sorry.
 7
    other issue, Judge.
 8
             Then when Mr. Gibbons' firm moved the protective
 9
    order into evidence before Judge Darrah, they wrote the
10
    parties have requested documents through discovery that
11
    include confidential information such as internal
12
    administrative information, complaint register files,
13
    personal health information, personnel files and discipline
14
    information of non-parties. To protect such information, the
15
    parties have agreed on a proposed type of (unintelligible).
             THE COURT: Yeah, yeah.
16
             MR. CHANEN: In the very motion they moved before
17
18
    Judge Darrah, they listed the personnel files as the basis
19
    for the protective order.
20
             THE COURT: I mean, I certainly believe that the
    police department has the right to redact information like --
21
22
    and no plaintiff wants to look at their history of their
    health care --
23
24
             MR. CHANEN: Absolutely, Judge.
25
             THE COURT: -- or their Social Security numbers
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or -- there's a lot of information. I mean, I've often said, and many judges have, people always want personnel files but in point of fact, most people's personnel files are rather less than revelatory about having anything to do with much but you didn't make that objection originally.

It seems to me the objection you made was the confidentiality. That has been dealt with by the protective order and I think you waived any further objection. Like I said, redact what isn't -- doesn't have to do with promotion, history and the like and the rest you need to produce to them so the motion is granted.

Let's get to the next thing which is a lot more complicated, it seems to me. Let me tell you -- let me tell you what I think isn't complicated or what I'm prepared to address today; and of course I'd want to hear your thoughts on it. But the third -- the third section of plaintiff's motion which deals specifically with the names of witnesses who witnessed certain statements, purported statements, it seems to me that the City ought to be able to list people without the qualifications that you've raised in your response with one exception, I would say.

This question about demeanor, what the demeanor of the person identified and what the -- and what they observed about the -- I think that is better suited to, once you have the names of the people, I assume you're going to depose all

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or some sub-set of that, that's the kind of question, you know, is better to me left to a deposition. I think it's a hard thing to put in a narrative to an interrogatory of --UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We're fine with that. THE COURT: -- things like demeanor. It's just -you know, depending on the -- it would be a very -- it would be very burdensome for them to go to each person and ask and get a description. I think that you can explore face-to-face when you have the deponent. But as to sort of the who, where, when, kinds of -or identification of the who, what, when, that to me seems perfectly reasonable and I don't understand why you need to qualify it. Assuming -- I assume you've interviewed folks and you know the answer to this question so it may have or it could have -- I mean, go to them and say did you or didn't you because if they have no memory of it, then that's the answer. But otherwise, I'm not sure why this answer is qualified other than the demeanor part of it which I think is a reasonable objection to make. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I just want to make sure the Court understands all our roles here. We represent the City. We don't represent the officers. THE COURT: Right. I know. I've got the guy who

represents the officers.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And the allegation is a

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Monell claim, whether there were unconstitutional practices
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    or policies that existed in 2005 that led to unconstitutional
    behavior.
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                        Well, that's weird --
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             THE COURT:
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             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Normally that --
             THE COURT: -- and a first.
 6
 7
             MS. KLEIN: It is weird.
 8
             THE COURT: I don't --
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I would say more
10
    illuminated normally.
11
             THE COURT: Well, yeah. Maybe the powers that be
    don't agree with that. Yeah, okay. I think we can continue
12
    though because -- I mean, I can still see --
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14
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So to specifically
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    answer your answer, to accomplish our role in the case, we
    don't necessarily need to go out and conduct those sorts of
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17
    detailed interviews. I'm sure that counsel for the police
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    officers do. So what we're going on is paper, police reports
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    that were created back in 2005 almost ten years after the
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    fact.
21
             If the Court's order is that we're supposed to
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    supply information of the who, what, when and where beyond
23
    what's in the police reports, we can attempt to do that but
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    it's not going to be very more illuminating --
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             THE COURT:
                         It --
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UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- than the depositions 1 2 they're going to take avoids defense anyway. THE COURT: It may -- it may not but they may 3 choose not to take a deposition or five if, in fact, people 4 5 have no memory of having witnessed those conversations or encounters, okay? I mean, it's a question of like knowing 6 7 who the universe is and the way the question is answered. 8 And I take what you're saying but I really think it 9 unlikely if this case proceeds that you will not as the counsel for the City of Chicago have those conversations and 10 11 you certainly will. And it seems to me that this question 12 should be answered without this qualification. And if people 13 don't remember, they don't remember it and that's the answer. 14 Right? They're not people who have not -- who can be 15 identified as having specific knowledge and answer to the interrogatory. I mean, I don't think this is rocket science 16 17 myself. 18 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, it's difficult 19 when you have scattered recollection --20 THE COURT: Understood. 21 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- interspersed with 22 refreshed recollections sitting down with a report that was 23 authored by somebody else ten years ago. That's very hard to 24 capture in a narrative. 25 THE COURT: But that's what we do when we prepare

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for trial or any other process. That's what you do.
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             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's what you do when
    you take a deposition, you flush out the recollection. Is
 3
    that an independent recollection you have today, sir, or is
 4
 5
    that a recollection refreshed by you reading a report.
    That's hard to do in a narrative.
 6
 7
             If the Court's order that we should attempt to do
    that, we will --
 8
 9
             THE COURT: It is my order.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- but it's not going to
10
11
    be easy.
12
             THE COURT: I'm sorry for that. It is my order,
    pardon me, that you do that. And so the motion to compel
13
14
    with respect to all but the demeanor aspect is granted as to
15
    that. The other things --
16
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Your Honor, before we
17
    get away from that --
18
             THE COURT: Sure.
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- can I just seek
20
    clarity? We now have to go out and interview these folks.
21
    We're going to have to then rewrite interrogatory answers.
22
    What sort of time frame are we expecting to get that done?
23
             THE COURT: When does your discovery close?
24
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: In mid January, I
25
    believe.
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THE COURT: Well, you know, he's -- it's Judge
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 2
    Darrah, right?
 3
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yeah. We have -- I
    mean, we have about ten depositions scheduled in --
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Are there folks that you know that
    you'll depose regardless of the answer to this question?
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER:
             THE COURT: Will this -- then the delay here
 8
9
    shouldn't impact you particularly.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Okay. Could we --
10
11
             THE COURT: I don't think you need more than two or
12
    three weeks, though. I really don't.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I was going to ask for
13
14
    two weeks, I mean, because these are discovery requests that
15
    were served in August.
             THE COURT: Yeah. I understand. Is that
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17
    sufficient?
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             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: With the caveat that
19
    we've not attempted to interview any of them -- police
20
    officers take furloughs particularly at the end of the year
21
    when they have use-and-lose time -- we will endeavor to do
22
    our best is all I can represent to the Court.
23
             THE COURT: Well, I would suggest that you do that
24
    and then -- and -- which means that I would expect in the
25
    next 24 to 48 hours you would inform these police officers
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that you wish to speak with them so that we don't have any confusion about their need to talk to you.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Your Honor, from a logistic standpoint, these are requests that were served on the City not on the individual officers. There's no motion against our discovery responses. We have a schedule set starting tomorrow continuing throughout November of depositions almost every day this month of all of our clients who wrote the reports. We would not want to be in a situation where we have to come back, re-produce our clients --

THE COURT: You know what, that's sort of tough. I mean, you know, I don't bring people back for depositions unless there's a really good reason so I'll say that right now to plaintiff's counsels. But if there's something that comes up in response to an amended answer to interrogatory that's fair game, you will have to bring that person back and that's just the way it goes because I think this question should have been answered, so. That's where I -- you know.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So we can just hold off on the depositions until the following --

THE COURT: No. I don't think you should hold off on the depositions. I think that would be a real -- I think that would be a real bad move. You're talking about -- what is it November 10th today? You're talking about a discovery

cutoff in January. It's Judge Darrah. He's not likely to extend it, at least his usual practice holds, so why would you want to -- and you're coming into the holiday season and you've just told me it was your -- your co-counsel has just told me that people go on furloughs, people use lose-and-use and I know that to be true. Why would you delay anything in this case? It seems to be that would be the height of -- UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We don't want to delay.

We're ready to produce him. We don't want --

THE COURT: Well, produce him.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We don't want to produce him more than once.

THE COURT: Well, I'm sorry about that. But if there's a -- I am; and I've already told you that I'm not going to bring somebody back just so people get a second crack at him. But if there's something legitimate that needs to be explored with these witnesses and because of an order that I've entered it can't be in the, you know, in the normal course, then we're going to deal with that issue but they're going to have to have a good reason. So, you know what, do not -- I mean, the last thing anybody in this case should do is delay anything because you are not likely to get a discovery extension in this case.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And if I hear the Court correctly, they're going to ask those questions of those very

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deponents which will allow me in effect to answer those
 1
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    interrogatories based on their deposition testimony. I mean,
    that's the best interview --
 3
             THE COURT: Are we re-arguing something that I've
 4
 5
    already ruled on because I'd rather move on?
 6
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER:
 7
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I'm not.
                                                    I'm just
 9
    trying to figure out the sequence of it.
10
             THE COURT: Well, that's your problem. My problem
11
    is I have no authority to change the schedule. What I have
12
    is the authority to rule on the things that are in front of
    me and that's what I intend to do. I realize that those --
13
14
    that my rulings can present logistic problems for you and I'm
15
    sorry about that, I really am, but that's my ruling. Okay.
    And so let's move on to some of these other things because
16
17
    we've got other issues.
18
             The -- there are -- there's a complaint about the
19
    scope of the general orders and other --
20
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Judge, may I speak
21
    to that?
22
             THE COURT: Yeah. Absolutely.
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: All right. So this is
    number -- Roman Numeral I and Roman Numeral IV --
24
25
             THE COURT: Right.
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UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- in our motion and it
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 2
    all focuses on the polygraph unit --
 3
             THE COURT: Right.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and Mr. Gibbons'
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 5
    colleague has repeatedly said that they have given us every
 6
    manual, directive, review, analysis, assessment covering both
 7
    the issues we've raised in I and IV. We don't -- we don't
 8
    believe that's correct. We think as we start to do
 9
    depositions and we ask the polygraphers, you know -- it
10
    almost is starting to come across as a rogue unit, Judge.
11
    They had no manual to operate under. They had no
12
    supervisors. They wrote that in their brief to you that was
13
    stricken but there were no supervisors in the units.
14
    were three polygraph people and they basically did what they
15
    want. And I can't -- I can't insist that they have something
    that they're telling me they don't have. So for the time
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17
    being, we'll take them at --
18
             THE COURT: Yeah.
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- their word that there
20
    are no other manuals, directives, training manuals --
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             THE COURT: Yeah.
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- rules that these guys
    had to follow --
23
24
             THE COURT:
                         Right.
25
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and we'll just take
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the 33 occasions --
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             THE COURT:
                         It's verified, right?
 3
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Right.
             THE COURT:
                         Their answers are verified?
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 5
             MS. KLEIN: They would be --
             THE COURT: If they're not verified, they better be
 6
 7
    verified.
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yeah. We should get
 9
    them verified but --
10
             THE COURT: You absolutely need to verify that.
11
    that issue for the time being is moot but I'll say this,
12
    which I say every time this comes up, you verify your answers
    and if it turns out in some deposition that there is some
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14
    policy, procedure, something that would fairly fall under the
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    scope of this request and you haven't produced it, there will
    be consequences. What those consequences will be depends on
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17
    the prejudice to -- if any, to the plaintiff but that's why
    we verify interrogatory answers so there's a period at the
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19
    end of a sentence so that if all of the sudden down the line
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    for either side somebody discovers something that's germane
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    to the case, there's no question but that they should have
22
    found it earlier because they're on notice to do that and
23
    they verify in their answers to interrogatories that they
    have done so.
24
25
             So if it is as they say, which I have no reason at
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this point to doubt, then when you depose these folks, there
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 2
    shouldn't be some surprise. But if there is, as I've just
 3
    stated, there will be consequences but get a verification.
 4
    Verify your answers to interrogatories.
 5
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Judge, and then Ms.
    Klein correctly pointed out that although I did say this was
 6
 7
    focused on the polygraph unit and the --
             THE COURT: It's beyond that, right?
 8
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yeah. There were a --
             THE COURT: I thought it was.
10
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- few additional
11
12
    categories. So closing a case for -- and I'll give them two
    or three by example but I'm not trying to limit it. Closing
13
14
    a case by confession or closing --
15
             THE COURT: Right.
16
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- a case involving the
    death of a child so there are a few additional examples
17
    over -- that are in Request Number 7 --
18
19
             THE COURT:
                         Yeah.
20
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and the same basic
21
    principle would apply.
             THE COURT: This is a classic -- this is a
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23
    classic -- you know, this is not the first time that someone
24
    believes that they don't have everything that should exist
25
    with respect to a particular topic. But if the defendant
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says that they produced everything, then I have to take them
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    at their word and I won't reiterate what I've already said
    about that so -- so that particular part of the motion is --
 3
    on the general orders all are -- is moot which leaves the --
 4
 5
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: 2000 to 2005.
             THE COURT: Yeah.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And you've --
 8
             THE COURT: And the, sort of, evaluations of the
 9
    polygraph unit and the potential discipline of folks who were
10
    involved or supervised the polygraph unit, those kinds of
    topics. I mean, at first blush it seems like that's a lot of
11
12
    years to be asking for.
13
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: May I speak to that
14
    briefly?
15
             THE COURT: Uh-huh.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I was listening, Judge,
16
    when I heard you say to some other lawyers standing up here a
17
18
    minute ago that ten years is a long time. However, this is a
19
    very focused unit. This is a unit with three people and no
20
    rules so when we say --
21
             THE COURT: Well, I'm sure the City would dispute
22
    that.
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Would disagree.
    least no supervisors, let's go with that. This happened --
24
25
             THE COURT: There were really no supervisors with
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that unit? Who did they report to? Who they were evaluated
 1
 2
    by? People --
 3
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I'm not prepared to
    answer that.
 4
 5
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: At the time there's --
    at that time we were part of the forensic services unit so
 6
 7
    there was evidence technicians, there's the whole --
    polygraph is one of the parts of forensic services so there's
 8
 9
    a supervisor of forensic services who is on top -- who
    supervises --
10
             THE COURT: Those different units within that.
11
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- those different
12
    units.
13
14
             THE COURT: Have you disclosed their identity to the
15
    plaintiff?
16
             UNIDENTIFIED SPEAKER: No.
17
             THE COURT: Well, that seems like a good answer to
    that question. What you've just described should be
18
19
    disclosed under oath that, okay, the polygraph unit was part
20
    of a forensic evidentiary gathering unit and the supervisor
21
    of that was whoever it was on top of those divisions so I
22
    would expect, you know, you would say that. But what else?
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So our main point is
    this, Judge. This happened in May of 2005. That's -- that's
24
25
    when we --
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THE COURT: That answers one of my questions.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Right; and it's a central position in our case that the polygraph unit was used as a technique as a device to get Ms. Harris from Area 5 where she was being interrogated to the polygraph unit and the existence of a potential to exculpate herself by giving a truthful polygraph exam was turned against her by telling her she had failed the test and what we want is the other people who worked in the unit for the years that follow.

Now at our meet-and-confer, we were told by Ms. Fordyce, Mr. Gibbons' partner, that they think that that's a -- anything that happens after 2005 falls in the category of subsequent remedial measure and we're not entitled to it and we disagree with that on two grounds:

The first ground is that we're allowed to know who worked in the -- and by the way, for all practical purposes, and we're going to fight about exactly how this came about, the unit was substantially disbanded in 2013. We know that for a fact. So between 2005 and 2013, there were other people who worked in the unit. We believe we're entitled to know who they were because if the unit was being used for nefarious purposes, we should be able to -- there might be someone who is willing to flip on the City who doesn't work there anymore or there might be someone who we want to depose to see if the practices that we believed in 2005 continued

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into 2010. We might want to talk to the people about why the unit was ultimately disbanded. But we -- at this stage for this narrow of a request at least showing us the picture of who worked in the unit and who their supervisors were and how the unit came to be disbanded in 2013, that '05 to '13 period seems to us reasonable to ask because if you don't allow that, then basically they get to put who we claim are the wrongdoers in 2005 as the only polygraphers that we get to know about are the guys who engaged in what we believe is improper conduct. One of the --THE COURT: And are not likely to give you any information. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Information. them is a defendant in this case; the two others are not defendants in this case although they happen to be charged in other cases with the same kind of conduct. THE COURT: Other cases. Other civil cases? UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yes, Judge. THE COURT: Pending here? UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I believe so. We don't have a -- I am not -- I am not the guy on our team who is in charge of chasing the polygraph issues. It's being done by People's Law Office. But yes, it's my belief that there are numerous civil cases in the Northern District that have to do with this unit being used in this manner.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Your Honor, I think 1 2 counsel basically acknowledged that they're fishing. 3 want names to see if they can interview or depose somebody who might know about some unconstitutional act that were 4 5 going on in 2005. They have everyone who was working in the 6 unit in 2005. They have those records. Those have been 7 produced. 8 The people who worked in 2006, 2010 and 2013 have 9 nothing to do with what happened in May of 2005. If they're 10 going to prove their case, they have to prove that some unconstitutional acts occurred in May of 2005 be it through a 11 12 policy or through a practice. That's what this case is about. 13 14 THE COURT: Was this supervisor the same through 15 that period? 16 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I'm sorry? 17 THE COURT: Was the supervisor of the unit the same through that period? Was it the same -- you know, that 18 19 structure that described to me by counsel, did that continue 20 to exist through this period? 21 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Through the period after 2005? 22 23 THE COURT: Yeah. Let's say --24 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I don't --25 THE COURT: -- 2009 to two thousand -- let's just

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pick 2009.
 1
 2
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I don't know off the top
    of my head who the supervisor was ending calendar year 2006
 3
 4
    to the present.
 5
             THE COURT: Was there ever an evaluation of the
    efficacy of this unit that was prepared for or done at the
 6
 7
    City?
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: No.
 8
 9
             THE COURT: So the --
10
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And we've responded to
11
    that.
             THE COURT: So has the decision -- was there a
12
    decision to disband this unit at any point?
13
14
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Disbanding is the wrong
15
    word.
                         Okay. What's the right word?
16
             THE COURT:
17
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: The people were shifted
    over to the human resources department because they were
18
19
    doing pre-employment applications for police officers.
20
             THE COURT: Well, that sounds like a very different
21
    kind of job.
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: But they're polygraph
23
    examinations of pre-employment polygraph (unintelligible).
24
             THE COURT: Right. So they were doing polygraphs
25
    but for a different purpose?
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UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: My client indicates from time to time they are also used in criminal investigations. It's not that polygraphs have been terminated from the use of criminal investigations. That's my understanding. I don't have firsthand knowledge of that but that's my understanding as well.

THE COURT: And you're saying there is no -- there are no documents that reflect what seems to be a fairly major change in the policy with respect to how polygraphs are used at the City of Chicago? That seems unlikely to me.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, I think you're assuming facts that counsel just uttered as being truthful but they're not.

THE COURT: No. I'm assuming --

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: The polygraph --

THE COURT: I'm -- I'm basing the statement I just made on nothing that counsel for plaintiff said. I'm basing it what the count -- your co-counsel just said which is that these folks have been moved over to primarily deal with administering polygraph examinations to folks that are applying for jobs with the police department which -- and that they only occasionally but they still are involved in criminal investigations which is, it seems to me to be, a rather dramatic shift from what was described in the motion.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: They're no longer in the 1 2 forensic division. Now maybe disbanded is the --3 THE COURT: They're in human resources. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Correct, Judge. 4 5 THE COURT: Well, that's a policy. It seems to be 6 that that's a -- that potentially is a fairly big shift and 7 what I'm asking you is whether there are any documents that reflect why that happened and have you looked for documents 8 9 that reflect why that happened because that is not a -- you 10 know, not an insubstantial thing that he's described. 11 don't know whether -- there could be great reasons for it but 12 was there some -- is there --13 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Here's my 14 understanding --15 THE COURT: Okay. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and the answer is 16 directly to your question, I believe we have one. But the 17 18 shift that you're discussing is not this radical shift that I 19 think might be the impression. Pre-employment polygraph 20 became a much bigger part of the unit's job when the HR 21 department decided to utilize that department. So for that 22 reason, they just functionally moved it under HR. 23 THE COURT: Okay. 24 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: They still are 25 available, those polygraph examiners are still available to

detectives who want to utilize them in a criminal investigation --

THE COURT: Understood.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- just as they've always been.

THE COURT: But here's the problem I have with this -- this is why I think it is a rather big -- it may not be the dramatic shift that plaintiffs see but it seems to be more of a shift than you're acknowledging. If what you're saying is true, it seems to me that the -- you know, that's a -- there would be more people hired. In other words, if they were always doing employment stuff but now they've moved -- you know, now that's their focus and they were also -- they were basically just doing criminal stuff and there were three of them doing that and then you shift it over to doing -- moving them into human resources but they still may be working criminal, it seems to me that there would be more people actually doing this.

It seems like they were devoted primarily to one purpose and now they're devoted primarily to another but still have some duties with the latter and that means that they're being used -- the inference there for me is they're being used rather less frequently on the criminal side and that that might be the result of some decision-making process and so that's my -- that's what I'm struggling with.

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It seems like there was a decision to -- with
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    respect to this unit which may have nothing to do with any of
 3
    the allegations in this case. The problem is, they don't
    know that and frankly I don't know that based on what I've
 4
 5
    heard this morning.
 6
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Okay. So if I'm
 7
    understanding this --
 8
             THE COURT: Yeah, yeah.
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- we're to look for
    documents about shift in 2013 --
10
11
             THE COURT: A shift at any --
12
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- because it may be
    relevant to what happened in May of 2005?
13
14
             THE COURT: It may -- depending on what the
15
    discussion is in those documents it actually could be.
    mean, is it that unlikely to think that somebody might
16
    reference this particular incident or other --
17
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yes.
18
19
             THE COURT: Well, okay, but you don't know because
20
    you haven't actually looked. Have you?
21
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We have; and I can tell
22
    you if we had found any documents which reference that to
23
    changes premised on allegations in this complaint premised in
    May of 2005, we would produce those.
24
25
             THE COURT: Well, how about other allegations that
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are substantially similar to those in this complaint? 1 2 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Fair enough. 3 THE COURT: Okay. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And I don't think they 4 5 exist. We can certainly look. 6 THE COURT: Problems with the polygraph unit, 7 problems with the way polygraphs were administered, problems 8 with the way people were chosen to do polygraphs, all of 9 these things. I mean, it's not just whether they mention 10 this particular individual or this case but in general were 11 there issues in and around the use of this unit. Maybe there 12 weren't and great, that's great for you, but it seems to me that there's relevance to that category of documents. 13 14 I'm not sure I -- I'm not sure that it makes sense to --15 when -- I mean, I just -- I'm not sure right now whether it makes sense to expand the scope of people who administered 16 polygraphs post the time frame of these events or not because 17 18 I'm still unsure based on what I've heard this morning when 19 this change occurred and why it occurred and like -- and what 20 the current state of this unit is versus how it was 21 functioning when these events took place. I don't -- I don't 22 know the answers to the -- to those questions based on what 23 I've heard so I'm not just -- I'm not prepared to just say yeah, you get three -- how many people were doing the 24 25 polygraphs back when this happened, three people that you've

identified, that that's the end especially if the supervisor of that unit stayed the supervisor of that unit and was sort of in charge of administering that unit for a longer period than this time frame. It's -- that suggests that maybe others could be relevant, though I'm not sure I see why we need '05 to '13 even after your argument, Mr. Chanen.

MR. CHANEN: Well, Judge, I would only just direct you to exhibit -- and I know we gave a big stack of exhibits because we had to have them --

THE COURT: That's okay.

MR. CHANEN: -- we had to have all the discovery.

Exhibits 9 and 10 are articles from the Chicago Tribune. Now

I understand, I respect that Mr. Gibbons is going to say you

can't take at its word everything that appears in a Tribune

article --

THE COURT: Gosh, I hope not.

MR. CHANEN: -- and I'm fine with that and I agree a hundred percent but now we're in discovery in this case and there are a lot of statements in here about the serious problems in the polygraph unit. Now they may be true; they may not be true. The City may have cared about them; the City may not have cared about them. But this article came out in March of 2013; and by November of 2013, there was no longer a polygraph unit in the -- a polygraph unit in the forensic division.

And so what we would -- I mean, so that's why we 1 2 think '13 is important because that's when the City addressed it. That's when -- if there is such a memo as your Honor 3 just asked about, a discussion, an analysis, a -- because the 4 opposite is even scarier that an article like this Exhibit 9 5 6 would come out in the Chicago Tribune and the Chicago Police 7 Department would do absolutely nothing about it, that's scarier than finding the memos where they decide to disband 8 9 the unit. 10 THE COURT: So I take it your argument is that the 11 time frame isn't -- needs to be expanded because it's 12 possible that these documents, if they exist at all, would 13 reflect events that occurred largely before the time, you 14 know, that would refer to incidents or a series of incidents 15 that occurred substantially before 2013? MR. CHANEN: Correct, Judge. 16 So if you limit it --17 THE COURT: UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: In 2005. 18 19 THE COURT: No. 20 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: This is May of 2005. 21 THE COURT: Yeah; I understand. 22 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Something either 23 happened or didn't happen in May of 2005. 24 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: But, Judge --25 THE COURT: Yeah; but the City's view of it and the

witnesses that were involved isn't necessarily limited to 2005. I mean, that's an artificial line to say, okay, that's a -- we look no further, we don't look before and we don't look after. That doesn't make sense to me.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I understand. And we have looked to see if there's anything relevant that should be produced that reflects back in time to the events in 2005 and there are none.

THE COURT: Well, I think what you said before was that you looked specifically to the allegations raised in this complaint and I'm suggesting that your review should be rather more broad than that.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: But --

THE COURT: It should be -- it should have to do with reasons why this change in how the polygraph unit because it seems to me there clearly was a change in focus. I mean, you can -- we can spin to what extent that it did change but, you know, having it in one place and then moving it to human resources at the City of Chicago, that's a pretty big shift that occurred.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Eight years later.

THE COURT: Well, right, but there was a --

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: They're asking you to draw the line now to 2013, '14 and '15 for events that happened in 2005.

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THE COURT: Right.
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             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And they're just
    fishing. They cite articles and then say there must be
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 4
    reasons.
 5
             THE COURT: But what's the harm in looking --
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Pardon?
 6
 7
             THE COURT: What's the harm in looking and then
 8
    answering under verification that there are no documents that
 9
    have -- that exist between that time frame in 2013 that deal
10
    with changes in the polygraph unit for reasons fairly raised
11
    in the plaintiff's complaint which doesn't just include this
12
    incident but incidents like it or substantially similar,
    what's the harm in that? Either those documents exist or
13
14
    they don't exist.
15
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's fair.
             THE COURT: If they don't exist, all you do -- all
16
17
    you have to say is they don't -- there is nothing in -- there
18
    are no documents that reflect why this change was made.
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's fair.
20
             THE COURT: Right?
21
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I agree with the
22
    Court.
23
             THE COURT: Okay. Well, I think that's my ruling
24
    with respect to that. What else is left?
25
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I really believe that
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covers --
 1
 2
             THE COURT: Wow.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- all of it or if
 3
    there's some little things that drop out, I think we can work
 4
 5
    them out.
             THE COURT: Okay.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Here's the person who
8
    knows to the --
 9
             THE COURT: Yeah. Ms. Klein, feel free to jump in
10
    whenever; and I apologize to the people that have been
11
    waiting so patiently.
             UNIDENTIFIED FEMALE SPEAKER: It was fine because
12
    I'm learning.
13
14
             THE COURT: Okay. She's pro se so it's probably
15
    good experience.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Yeah, Judge. If it
16
    would be all right and I don't want to --
17
18
             THE COURT: Yeah.
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- counsel either, if we
20
    could take a short break, let you call a case --
21
             THE COURT: You may.
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- we'll just go through
23
    the motion and --
             THE COURT: Yeah. Go ahead, right, and see if
24
25
    there's anything else. You guys can talk.
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UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And also if there are
 1
 2
    loose ends, there may be things we can just resolve with
    them.
 3
             THE COURT:
                        Sure. Okay. Good. That's great.
 4
 5
             MS. KLEIN: Thank you, Judge.
             THE COURT:
                         Thank you.
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, your Honor.
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, Judge.
 9
        (WHEREUPON the Court turned her attention to another case
    on her call; after which the following digitally recorded
10
11
    proceedings were had in open court at 10:52 a.m.:)
12
             COURTROOM DEPUTY: Recalling Case Number 14 CV 4391,
    Harris versus City of Chicago.
13
14
             MS. KLEIN: Thank you, Judge. Margot Klein for
15
    Harris.
             THE COURT:
                        Oh. You're welcome.
16
             MR. CHANEN: Stuart Chanen for Harris.
17
             MR. GIBBONS: Good morning again. John Gibbons and
18
19
    Kyle Flynn.
20
             THE COURT: Good morning.
             MR. KAMIONSKI: Avi Kamionski (unintelligible).
21
22
             THE COURT: Good morning to all of you again.
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So, Judge, thank you for
    all the time that you gave them.
24
25
             THE COURT: No problem.
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1
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: We -- there was a loose
 2
    end and --
 3
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- then we -- then we
 4
 5
    had a discussion about it in the hallway and we made good
 6
    progress but then there -- but there's still a part where we
 7
    really just don't have agreement.
 8
             THE COURT: Okay. Okay. What's that?
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So it was a little bit
10
    unclear to us whether we do or do not get the names of the
11
    polygraphers.
12
             THE COURT: Right now, no.
13
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Okay. So then that's
14
    going affect questions B and C. In their -- one of their
15
    supplemental answers, Exhibit 14, they point to three of the
    polygraphers who were there up to 2005 and say there are no
16
17
    complaints against them of any kind all the way up through to
    2015.
18
19
             THE COURT: All right.
20
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Or -- through 2014,
21
           Then they also say that Mr. Bartik who is a defendant
22
    in this case had a complaint against him on issues of
23
    polygraphy in 2014 and had a complaint filed against him in
24
    2015 but that they will not give us any of those documents
25
    and to us that doesn't make sense. It doesn't make sense
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temporally and it doesn't make sense now.
 1
 2
             They say it's because it's an ongoing investigation
 3
    but to us, that's -- it's just not an appropriate answer.
    should be able to get to see those CRs.
 4
             THE COURT: He's the defendant in this case.
 5
 6
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: He is a defendant in the
 7
    case.
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: It's our understanding
 9
    from the police department that it's an ongoing
    investigation. They're in the midst of investigating the
10
11
    allegation we made and because --
12
             THE COURT: What is the allegation? Are you
    prepared to say what it is?
13
14
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I'm not because I don't
15
    know.
             THE COURT:
16
                         Okay.
17
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: To me, it's either 2014
    and 2015.
18
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Correct.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: It sounds like the
20
    initiation to the lawsuit. The initiation to the lawsuit --
21
    there's this lawsuit and then another lawsuit --
22
23
             THE COURT: Right, and apparently --
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And there's another
24
25
    lawsuit so those lawsuits may initiate an investigation.
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THE COURT: Not -- not automatically.
 1
 2
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Okay. Well then --
             THE COURT: Believe me, if there was an
 3
    investigation every time somebody filed a complaint against
 4
 5
    the police -- the police department, we'd -- you know, there
    would be many, many more than there are. Now that's -- that
 6
 7
    doesn't necessarily follow. So what you're saying is --
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Judge, that's in my
 9
    experience.
10
             THE COURT: Yeah, yeah.
11
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I haven't seen it
12
    before.
13
             THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, it's not an un -- it's
14
    not an unreasonable -- hey, the problem is I don't know what
15
    this investigation is about so, you know.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, maybe we'll --
16
    Maybe we'll have it, Judge. I mean, here's what they say:
17
18
    Any additional information related to these complaints cannot
19
    be disclosed since the files have not been closed and the
20
    investigation is continued.
                                 That's --
21
             THE COURT: You know, I know this has been litigated
22
    in other cases, this very issue of --
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, we can go look at
    it.
24
25
             THE COURT: And I think you both should look at it
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because it seems to me -- I mean, there -- and again, I could be completely off base and if I am I apologize in advance. But I know this issue has come up where folks that are being sued in the police department have ongoing investigations that are in -- could be in and around the allegations of the particular case as you suggest which doesn't -- it's not like (unintelligible) seems potentially reasonable here and I -- it's my recollection that the judges have allowed some -- you know, if there are witness statements or other materials that at least under a protective order have allowed like the factual information, not necessarily the conclusions that the investigators are drawing, like things that would be, you know, fairly protected either by privilege or, you know, but the actual like statements of -- like the witnesses made a statement that's germane, those have been -- again, this is just, you know, from reading other people's opinions which I do from time to time --

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Sure.

THE COURT: -- that's my recollection that that's how they've divided the -- that's how they've split that baby in that there is a difference between -- even when something is ongoing. I mean, that -- I think I need to know more about this.

UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Can we ask for a week to investigate this --

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UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER:
 1
 2
             THE COURT: Yes.
                               I mean, I want to --
 3
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and maybe submit
    simultaneous briefs --
 4
 5
             THE COURT: Yeah.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- regarding on that?
 6
 7
             THE COURT: I mean, I think it's -- I think -- and I
 8
    do want to know sort of the answer to the question that we
 9
    tossed around a lot about, you know, that any documents, you
    know, that post-date this incident about this particular unit
10
    and what's raised in that because depending on what we say
11
12
    about that, that may close the door on the issue of whether
    they get other names or it might open it. I just don't know
13
14
    so I kind of want to know about that.
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, Judge.
15
    then the last thing I'll say about it; and we will take the
16
    week. I'm not asking for a ruling but an example that I
17
18
    think of is if they added a fifth polygrapher or they
19
    replaced the polygrapher in 2006 and that polygrapher had a
20
    complaint filed against him or her in 2008, it would strike
21
    me that given that this is a Monell claim that we're focusing
22
    on --
23
                         Yeah, policy.
             THE COURT:
24
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- the policies and
25
    practices of the City that the name of that person and the
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complaint history against that person would be appropriate
 1
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    for our Monell claim. We're at the discovery stage. I'm not
    saying it's necessarily admissible but to say that a 2006
 3
    hire or a 2008 complaint against someone who just didn't
 4
 5
    happen to be sitting next to Mr. Bartik in 2005 when he did
 6
    this to Ms. Harris, that doesn't seem to me the right
 7
    standard in the Monell claim. We are looking at the course
    and conduct of the department --
 8
 9
             THE COURT: Right.
10
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- for a substantial
    period of time.
11
             THE COURT: But now you're substantially temporally
12
13
    limiting your class in your example which I'm -- you know, I
14
    mean, the --
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Well, okay. I mean --
15
             THE COURT: You know what I mean? The problem I had
16
    is you're asking from 2005 until 2013 --
17
18
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Right.
19
             THE COURT: -- and it seems the farther along you
20
    get, the farther this has -- I mean, the more it does seem
21
    like a fishing expedition. Now you just want --
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Judge, one of the
23
    ways --
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: The Monell claim has to
24
25
    be predicated on actions that led to the unconstitutional
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behavior in May 2005. It's a -- Monell is a backward-looking
 1
 2
    event.
             THE COURT: Well, right, but it's -- I mean, you
 3
    know, I don't think it's too -- it's too crazy to say that
 4
 5
    something that happened relatively quickly after the event
    depending on what it was would likely lead to or potentially
 6
 7
    lead to admissible evidence.
 8
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Hypothetically I can see
 9
    that argument.
10
             THE COURT: You can see that argument. The farther
    along you get --
11
12
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I can see we'll
    foreclose that. I'm pretty certain this is ripe but we can
13
14
    inform the Court formally when I get the furthest.
15
             THE COURT: Yeah. I mean, I think that that's a
    good idea.
16
17
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: There are no CRs for any
    polygrapher in 2006 definitely. I'm fairly comfortable with
18
19
    that.
20
             THE COURT: Well, you should -- if you're willing
    to -- you know, if you're willing to say that under
21
22
    verification, I mean, I think they'd like to know that.
    Right?
23
24
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Sure. I mean, you know,
25
    you understand.
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THE COURT: I do. 1 2 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: The City gets sued every day and I have to -- if one side takes a position and answers 3 a question in this courtroom, next week I have Jon Loevy 4 5 telling me the City agreed to that question in front of Judge Cox, why aren't they answering it now. We live with that 6 7 argument all the time and I understand -- I respect the ruling. 8 9 THE COURT: I understand that concern, I do, and 10 I've been -- I've had that happen to me where I feel one way and then I hear that -- you know. But I do think that -- I 11 12 do think the City here is sometimes answering questions more than they need to. I mean, the facts that you've just 13 14 posited about there not being CRs for these particular 15 polygraphers in the time frame, it seems to me that would be something you would want to put out there in this case. I 16 17 mean, just hypothetically. UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Again, it's on this 18 19 case. 20 I know but I think --THE COURT: 21 UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: It serves my purpose in 22 this case. 23 THE COURT: -- you know, in the end your job is to 24 defend the City in this case. I mean, that's what you're --

that's what you were hired to do. And if it serves your

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client in this case, it seems to me you should consider doing
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 2
    it but that's way beyond what I needed -- and that's -- we're
    just talking now.
 3
 4
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Precedent gets set and
 5
    that's dangerous.
 6
             THE COURT: We're just talking now. What -- all
    right. So you guys want to file simultaneous briefs on these
 7
    last remaining issues?
 8
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's fine, Judge, and
    we'll keep talking --
10
11
             THE COURT: Okay. When would you --
12
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And we'll keep talking.
             THE COURT: And keep talking because maybe -- so
13
14
    when would you like to do that given everything that else
15
    that you've --
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: I have one bit of
16
    clarification which may impact that answer.
17
18
             THE COURT:
                         Sure.
19
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Since Mr. Flynn has
20
    been --
21
             THE COURT:
                         Yeah.
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and Ms. Fordyce have
23
    been the ones really conducting discovery --
24
             THE COURT:
                         Yeah.
25
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- I'm told that we
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referenced 38 witnesses in our -- 30 or so police officers,
some from the ME's office, some from the family and some fact
witnesses who were there, under the Court's present order, we
have to go and amend -- interview and amend responses for 38
people. I'm just telling the Court now I don't know that we
can physically do that even with the best of efforts in 14
days. We will try.
         THE COURT: Well, do your best and then report back
to me on how you're doing.
         UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Okay.
         THE COURT: And that's all I can -- I mean, I
understand what you're saying. That's all I can say in
response. So in terms of scheduling, what makes sense?
                                                         You
propose. I get -- my back seems to hurt when I sit too
much.
         UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: So, Judge, we'll keep
talking and clarifying --
         THE COURT: Yeah.
         UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- and gathering
information and asking questions of one another and if we can
get simultaneous short briefs a week from today.
         THE COURT:
                     Telling me what's still out -- telling
me what's still outstanding and what your legal argument is
and I'll rule.
         UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: And hopefully some of
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the things we've agreed upon.
 1
 2
             THE COURT: Yeah, yeah. And if -- is a week
    sufficient?
 3
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: If --
 4
 5
             THE COURT: All right.
 6
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Part of it is that
 7
    everyone is very focused on deps so almost getting --
 8
             THE COURT: Yeah.
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- doing it on a
    narrower time frame actually may help everybody.
10
11
             THE COURT: Okay. So today is the 10th so that's
12
    the 17th. And then why don't I -- why don't I see you then
13
    on the 18th? I'll set it for like 10:00 o'clock so you don't
14
    have to sit through the call, if you're available. If that
    doesn't work -- I'd like to like see you before -- I'm taking
15
    off the week of Thanksgiving and I'd like to see you before I
16
17
    adjourn.
18
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: There's a deposition on
19
    Wednesday at 10:00 o'clock.
20
             THE COURT: Okay. So what makes sense then?
21
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: James Kelly is getting
22
    deposed.
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Where?
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: At (unintelligible).
24
25
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: All right. So we --
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that's going to be taken by somewhere from (unintelligible)
 1
 2
    so it doesn't affect Margot and me so we could do the 18th
    but --
 3
 4
             THE COURT:
                         Okay.
 5
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: -- obviously you need to
    be there, right, you two or you and Tiffany?
 6
 7
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Right, at the dep.
    Correct.
 8
 9
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Could we do 9:30 and be
10
    first on the call?
11
             THE COURT: Yeah, or you could do even 9:00 o'clock
12
    if you can get here. I may -- I mean -- yeah.
13
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: 9:00 o'clock?
14
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: That's good.
15
             THE COURT: Yeah.
16
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, your Honor.
17
             THE COURT: No problem. Good luck.
             MS. KLEIN: Thank you, Judge.
18
19
             THE COURT: Interesting case. And if you do want to
20
    try to settle it, I'm here. I don't have that authority now
21
    but, believe me, Judge Darrah would -- may be too happy to --
22
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, your Honor.
23
             UNIDENTIFIED MALE SPEAKER: Thank you, your Honor.
24
        (Which concluded the proceedings in the above-entitled
25
    matter.)
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CERTIFICATE I hereby certify that the foregoing is a transcription of proceedings transcribed from digital proceedings held before the Honorable Susan E. Cox on November 10, 2015. /s/Laura LaCien November 16, 2015 Laura LaCien Date Official Court Reporter